



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<a href="#">Physical Science International Journal</a>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_PSIJ_41102
Title of the Manuscript:	Identity that Connects Thermal Expansion and Isothermal Compressibility is Not an Identity for Condensed Phases
Type of the Article	Short Research Article

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This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b>Compulsory</b> REVISION comments	<p><b>The identity in Eq. (3) is not true. See demonstration</b></p> <p>Suppose the state equation</p> $S = S(U, V) \text{ (a)} ; dS = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U}\right)_V dU + \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_U dV \text{ (b)}$ <p>Now consider the state equation</p> $U = U(T, V) \text{ (c)} ; dU = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T}\right)_V dT + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T dV \text{ (d)}$ <p>Combining (b) and (d)</p> $dS = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U}\right)_V \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T}\right)_V dT + \left[\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U}\right)_V \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T + \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_U\right] dV \text{ (e)}$ <p>Also consider the state equation</p> $S = S(T, V) \text{ (f)} ; dS = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial T}\right)_V dT + \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T dV \text{ (g)}$ <p>Comparing the equations (e) and (g)</p> $\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_U + \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U}\right)_V \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T \text{ (h)}$ <p>From the relation</p> $dS = \frac{1}{T} dU + \frac{p}{T} dV \text{ (i)}$ <p>Compared with equation (b)</p> $\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U}\right)_V = \frac{1}{T} \text{ (j)} \text{ and } \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_U = \frac{p}{T} \text{ (k)}$ <p>Putting the equation (j) in (h)</p> $\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_U + \frac{1}{T} \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T \text{ (l)}$ <p>Also from (i) and the Maxwell relation</p> $\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T = T \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T - p = T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_V - p$ <p>Therefore, <math>\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T \neq \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_U</math>. So the identity <math>\frac{\alpha}{\beta} = \frac{P}{T}</math> is derivate from a wrong assumption.</p> <p>At line 104: <math>\frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{\beta}{\beta_s} = \frac{B_s}{B}</math></p>	
<b>Minor</b> REVISION comments	At line 33: From Eqs. (1), (2), and (3) and the combination of the first and the second laws of thermodynamics	
<b>Optional/General</b> comments		

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