



**SDI Review Form 1.6**

Journal Name:	<a href="#"><u>Ophthalmology Research: An International Journal</u></a>
Manuscript Number:	<b>Ms_OR_30848</b>
Title of the Manuscript:	<b>Prevalence of Congenital Colour Vision Deficiency in Nigerians Living in Ugep, Cross River State</b>
Type of the Article	

**General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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**PART 1: Review Comments**

	<b>Reviewer's comment</b>	<b>Author's comment</b> <i>(if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)</i>
<b><u>Compulsory</u></b> REVISION comments	In the case of the age group between 41-50, the colour deficiency was not known before? Please clarify it, why this number (9) is so high relatively. It must be emphasizing that Ishihara plates good for only screening for colour deficiency, and methods for precise differentiating of colour deficiency are also known.	That is it as seen in the study.
<b><u>Minor</u></b> REVISION comments		
<b><u>Optional/General</u></b> comments	Clear methodology, well-interpreted results, and easy-to-follow discussion.	Thank you