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Journal Name:	<u>Journal of Advances in Medical and Pharmaceutical Sciences</u>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JAMPS_31197
Title of the Manuscript:	Antioxidant, Antiproliferative Properties And Chemical Composition Of The Ethanolic Extract From Leaves And Stems Of Lebanese Anacyclus nigellifolius Boiss
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	Kindly clarify: CopySpider software was used to detect plagiarism. Unfortunately, I found evidences of plagiarism in many sections of the manuscript Ms_JAMPS_31197. I'm sending an HTML report file attached to the email with more details generated by software. Plagiarism was detected at: Material and methods section: The writing of quantification of total phenolic content (pg. 4), total flavonoid content (pg. 5) and total alkaloids (pg. 5), are exactly the same that one's present in the following manuscript: H FARHAN, H RAMMAL, A HIJAZI, H HAMAD, A DAHER, M REDA, B BADRAN. In vitro antioxidant activity of ethanolic and aqueous extracts from crude Malva Parviflora l. Grown in lebanon. Asian Journal of Pharmaceutical and Clinical Research. Vol 5, Suppl 3, 2012 . Weblink: http://www.ajpcr.com/Vol5Suppl3/1250.pdf Conclusion section: Part of the conclusion of the manuscript Ms_JAMPS_31197 is exactly the same text content (including references) that one's present in the INTRODUCTION section of the following manuscript: HUSSEIN FARHAN, HASSAN RAMMAL*, AKRAM HIJAZI, BASSAM BADRAN. Preliminary phytochemical screening and extraction of	



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	polyphenol from stems and leaves of a lebanese plant Malva Parviflora l. International Journal of Current Pharmaceutical Research. Vol 4, Issue 1, 2012. The Plagiarized text is the following: “Medicinal plants (fruits, vegetables, medicinal herbs, etc.) are a source for a wide variety of natural products, such as the phenolic acids and flavonoids which are very interesting for their antioxidant properties². In addition to their ability to act as an efficient free radical scavengers⁵ their natural origin represents an advantage to consumer in contrast to synthetic antioxidants which their use is being restricted due to their carcinogenicity⁶. Epidemiological studies have shown that many of these antioxidant compounds possess anti-inflammatory, antiatherosclerotic, antitumor, antimutagenic, anticarcinogenic, antibacterial, or antiviral activities to a greater or lesser extent^{7,9}. The intake of natural antioxidants has been associated with reduced risks of cancer, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and diseases associated with ageing⁹.” Weblink: http://www.ijcpr.org/Issues/Vol4Issue1/456.pdf	
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments		
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		

Reviewer Details:

Name:	<i>Eduardo Habermann</i>
Department, University & Country	<i>University of São Paulo, Ribeirão preto, Brazil</i>