



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<u>Journal of Advances in Medical and Pharmaceutical Sciences</u>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JAMPS_30388
Title of the Manuscript:	Prevalence Of Carbapenem Resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae in Clinical Samples From Some Selected Hospitals in Zaria, Kaduna State.
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	- To my point of view, This manuscript is too poor to be published, Technical quality, depth of research, and clarity of presentation does not rise to the level of publication, beside it does not seem to deliver any new values to area of related microbiological research - lack of the study design, Sample size is very small to determine the prevalence, no inclusion criteria (what are the basis for samples collected), absence of tables, low quality figures. - lack of statistical analysis - Absence of molecular techniques for confirmation of organism identification or detection of resistance genes Writing skill is poor, there are repeated paragraphs in Abstract, repeated words in Keywords, the sections of introduction and conclusion are not concise	Literatures on carbapenem resistance and carbapenemase production in the study area is scarce. As such this study will deliver new values to the area of microbiology in the study area. The sample size of the study was determined using the Kish Leisle formula $N = Z^2 P (1-P)/d^2$. The calculated sample size was 130 but we approximated it 150 to increase precision. The data presented are not suitable for statistical analysis. The isolate was MHT negative as such no need for molecular technique for the detection of resistance gene.
Minor REVISION comments		
Optional/General comments		