



**SDI Review Form 1.6**

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|--------------------------|---|
| Journal Name:            | <a href="#">International Neuropsychiatric Disease Journal</a>                              |
| Manuscript Number:       | Ms_INDJ_42988   |
| Title of the Manuscript: | MEAN PLATELET VOLUME IN DEPRESSION AND ANXIETY DISORDER-A HOSPITAL BASED CASE CONTROL STUDY |
| Type of the Article      | Original Research Article   |

**General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)

**PART 1: Review Comments**

|                                     | Reviewer's comment   | Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here) |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| <b>Compulsory</b> REVISION comments | <p>The Introduction section lacked extensive literature review.<br/>The aims and objectives of the study were not declared.<br/>The justification for the study was not stated.<br/>All the references mentioned in the Introduction Section were obsolete. For example, Reference 1-7 (1999-2000). Recent references should be search from the literature and quoted.</p> <p>Methodology -<br/>Setting -in which city and country was the study carried out<br/>How was the sample size determined?<br/>The numbers (76) and (90) in the lines 58 and 59 mean what?</p> <p>Measures - Kindly write more about the HAM-A and HAM-D including their psychometric properties. Have the psychometric instruments been standardised and validated for use in your culture and environment?</p> <p>Results - The HAM-D does not diagnose Major Depressive Disorder, Dysthymic or Recurrent Depressive Disorder. The HAM-A neither diagnose generalised anxiety disorder, panic or social anxiety disorders. They are screening instrument to evaluate for probable anxiety or depression.</p> <p>He Discussion Section was written based on the faulty results. The comparison with other findings from other countries were based on very old references.<br/>The discussion should be modified to reflect the true findings of the study<br/>The reference format does not conform with the style of the journal.<br/>The majority 74% of the references were more than 10 years old. The references must also be written all over again.</p> |   |
| <b>Minor</b> REVISION comments      | They have been mentioned above,  |   |
| <b>Optional/General</b> comments    | The study is a good one but must be written with current literature references.  |   |

**Reviewer Details:**

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|----------------------------------|--|
| Name:                            | <b>Coker Ayodele Olurotimi</b>   |
| Department, University & Country | <b>Lagos State University College of Medicine, Ikeja, Lagos, Nigeria</b> |