



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJTDH_39659
Title of the Manuscript:	MANSONIC SCHISTOSOMIASIS IN THE BRAZILIAN SOUTHEAST: SPATIAL ANALYSIS IN MINAS GERAIS
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment(if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	NONE	
Minor REVISION comments	One sentence is repeated in the introduction: line 49 – 52 "The occurrence of schistosomiasis in one city 49 can result from geographical correlations that limit its geographical occurrence. The 50 occurrence of schistosomiasis in one city can result from the geographical 51 correlations, whose distributions permits identifying the relation of spatial 52 dependence among cities (Anselin, Syabri, & Kho, 2006)."	The phrase has been deleted. "The occurrence of schistosomiasis in one city can result from geographical correlations that limit its geographical occurrence. 49/50.
Optional/General comments	This study demonstrated that the occurrence of schistosomiasis in Minas Gerais (Brazil) is restricted to specific regions. These regions with high rates of schistosomiasis are close to regions with high rates of sewage disposal in rivers and lakes. These results are of great interest regarding epidemiological and pathophysiological studies of schistosomiasis mansoni in the state of Minas Gerais.	