



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJTDH_35015
Title of the Manuscript:	Effectiveness of sulphadoxine pyrimethamine in intermittent preventive treatment of malaria in pregnancy at Federal medical centre, Abeokuta
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	The authors mentioned that Ethical approval or the study was obtained from 107 the hospital health research ethics committee. What details and information?	
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments		
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	1. The authors designed and conducted good clinical study in the subjected endemic area of frequent malaria infection 2. Numbers of subjects were high enough to evaluate possible outcome and statistical significance. 3. Sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine (Fansidar) has been commonly used for treatment of P. falciparum-infected patients for a long time. Moreover, reports of the drug resistance have been reported. 4. The clinical study in pregnant women is challenged and relevant to prevent harmfulness and complications to the newborns. 5. Outcome of the study will give suggestions or	



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	recommendations to the doctors and health personnel to concern incidence of infectious malaria parasites.	
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Reviewer Details:

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