



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJTDH_36105
Title of the Manuscript:	EFFECTS OF ALTITUDE AND RELATIVE HYPOXIA ON POST-EXTRACTION SOCKET WOUND HEALING: A CLINICAL PILOT STUDY
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	1. Add inclusion criteria including those pertaining to age 2. Add a paragraph on the measures that can be taken to avoid these occurrences such as use of atraumatic technique, use of autologous platelet rich fibrin and others	1. We have added age to the inclusion criteria (line 71). 2. A paragraph suggesting measures to avoid possible complications has also been included in the discussion as suggested by the reviewer (lines 187 to 191).
Minor REVISION comments	General grammatical errors Update references	We have corrected various grammatical errors and also updated the references.
Optional/General comments	A better study design would have been comparative study at another centre of lesser altitude rather than comparing it with the literature standards	It would indeed have been better to do a comparative study. However, the present study is just a pilot study to compare our preliminary findings with previous similar studies conducted in lowland areas. Presently, we have sent proposal to another Maxillofacial Surgery Centre situated in a lowland area of Saudi Arabia in order to conduct an elaborate comparative study.