

Editor's Comments:

The manuscript should be revised for correct English in the following lines 65, 95,186,203, and 234
It is logically erroneous to state about 40% of mothers. These are human beings the exact frequency should be provided.

Author's Feedback:

- "The manuscript should be revised for correct English in the following lines 65, 95,186,203, and 234"

Previous line	Corrections added	New lines
65	The objective of this study is to explore and document the current situation of complementary feeding in order to promote best practices and reduce infant malnutrition for child well-being.	63- 65
95	A pretested questionnaire was used to collect socio-economic, health status and feeding practices data.	94-95
186	Cereal porridges and extracts from family diets were the two categories of complementary foods provided to children.	185-186
203	The prevalence of MDD was significantly higher in <i>Bopa</i> than <i>Houeyogbe</i> within children from 6-11 mo (48.6% vs 38.7%; $P= .038$) and those aged 12-17 mo (73.8% vs 62.1%; $P= .014$)	198-200
234	Till now, no support from the government is given to help households for improving their access to ingredients.	230-231

- "It is logically erroneous to state about 40% of mothers. These are human beings the exact frequency should be provided."

It is change:

New line 200-201: "The main reasons why mothers started earlier complementary feeding were due to advices received from parents and healthcare workers (40%).»