



SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJTDH_32787
Title of the Manuscript:	EFFECTS OF FEMALE GENITAL SCHISTOSOMIASIS IN REPRODUCTIVE TRACT OF WOMEN ATTENDING KWALE HOSPITAL IN KWALE COUNTY, KENYA.
Type of Article:	Original Research Article

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
The authors have made some revisions of the manuscript. However, as mentioned previously in my review, they have used a biochemical technique using urinalysis reagent strip to determine haematuria and proteinuria, but no results (analysis) regarding this are presented in the manuscript. However, reporting these results (if they have them) in this manuscript would have revealed a better picture.	Presence of both haematuria and proteinuria was used as an indicator for urinary schistosomiasis. First paragraph on data collection techniques reads "Prevalence and intensity of urinary schistosomiasis was accomplished by detection of <i>S. haematobium</i> eggs under microscopy and detection of both proteinuria and haematuria by urinalysis reagent strip". The combined results are given in Figure 1.