



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of TROPICAL DISEASE & Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJTDH_25475
Title of the Manuscript:	Frequency of hepatic hydrothorax in patients with decompensated cirrhosis in Zagazig university hospitals (single center study).
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that NO manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of 'lack of Novelty', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	1- When the study done? In abstract This study was performed on 208 decompensated cirrhotic patients (112 males and 96 females), their ages ranged from 27 to 73 years old (53.8 ± 7.09) between April 2014 to April 2015. In the material and methods This cross sectional study was performed on 208 cirrhotic ascitic patients (112 males and 96 females), their ages ranged from 27 to 73 years old (53.8 ± 7.09) who were seen at Tropical medicine Department, Faculty of medicine, Zagazig University Hospitals between April 2013 to April 2014 2- There is no information about the possible causes of liver cirrhosis in your patients and its risk for the development of effusion 3- Please give definition to mild, moderate and severe effusion in material and methods 4- Information give in the figures were already given in the tables so remove it. 5- P value should wrote 0.153 not .151 for example 6- Table 6 make it more clear 7- Also, this is in agreement with that reported by Lazaridis et al., (1999) main cause in development of hepatic hydrothorax is transferring of per space via diaphragmatic defects. Did you prove in the study the possible effusion mechanism????? 8- Please do not repeat the results again the	causes of liver cirrhosis in my patients are due to chronic hepatitis C all remarks have been corrected in my manuscript



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	discussion 9- If more than reference please write in order (15, 17, 19) not 17,19, 15) for example	
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	The English language not good and the paper need to revise by native language speaker	Your remarks have been corrected in manuscript
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	The authors investigated the prevalence's of effusion in cirrhotic patients. While it is important research, there are very few novelty in this manuscript.	