



**SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1**

**PART 1:**

Journal Name:	<a href="#">International Journal of Plant &amp; Soil Science</a>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJPSS_23038
Title of the Manuscript:	Assessment of different storage methods of sweetpotato ( Ipomoea batatas [L.] Lam) root as influenced by chicken manure and inorganic fertilizer: Case of grass, ash and soil based approaches
Type of Article:	Original research papers

**PART 2:**

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
<p>If u measured the initial tuber water content, it would help you in discussion part why Okumkom (white flesh sweetpotato) tent to stay longer in the storage and had lower pest infestation, lower rotten roots and lower weight loss. Normally, orange flesh sweet potato has higher water content than the white ones. White flesh sweetpotato is commonly has higher dry matter content. Because of high tuber water content, sweetpotato is easily subjected to higher pest infestation, faster decay and thus shorter shelf life.</p>	

**Reviewer Details:**

Name:	Saraswati Prabawardani
Department, University & Country	Agronomy, University of Papua New Guinea, Papua New Guinea