



**SDI Review Form 1.6**

Journal Name:	<a href="#">International Journal of Plant &amp; Soil Science</a>
Manuscript Number:	<b>Ms_IJPSS_27718</b>
Title of the Manuscript:	<b>Antimicrobial effects of four plant extracts against post harvest spoilage fungi of yam (<i>Dioscorea rotundata</i> Poir).</b>
Type of the Article	<b>Original Research Article</b>

**General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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**PART 1: Review Comments**

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b><u>Compulsory</u></b> REVISION comments	<b>Some spelling mistakes are marked on the manuscript Check the ref. list</b>	The observed spelling mistakes have been corrected
<b><u>Minor</u></b> REVISION comments	I am wondering whether some of the pathogens could be consider as inhabitants after creating minor wounds/injuries on the yam eg. <i>Rhizopus</i> and <i>Aspagillus</i> comes to play their role as secondary infections	Yes, some of the organisms come to play their role as secondary infection but they also contribute significantly to yam rot.
<b><u>Optional/General</u></b> comments		