



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	British Journal of Pharmaceutical Research
Manuscript Number:	Ms_BJPR_25268
Title of the Manuscript:	Self-medication with antibiotics: Empirical evidence from Nigerian rural population
Type of the Article	Cross sectional study

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that \underline{NO} manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of 'lack of Novelty', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline)

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PART 1: Review Comments

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	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer,
		correct the manuscript and highlight that part in
		the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors
		should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	INFORMATION MEANT FOR INTRODUCTION WERE	
-	REPEATED IN THE DISCUSSION. THERE WAS A MIXUP	
	OF PREVALENCE OF SELF-MEDICATION WITH DRUGS	
	GENERALLY AND FOR ANTIBIOTICS SPECIFICALLY.	
	MAY NEED TO REDEFINE SELF MEDICATION WITH	
	ANTIBIOICS IN THE CONTEXT OF THE STUDY.	
	CONTRIBUTION OF PRESENT STUDY TO WHAT IS	
	KNOWN IN THE LITERATURE IS NOT WELL DEFINED.	
	TABLE SHOWING ASSOCIATIONOR NONE BETWEEN	
	SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC VARIABLES AND SELF	
	MEDICATION WAS NOT INCLUDED. THE STUDY DID	
	NOT ADEQUATELY ADDRESS THE OBJECTIVE	
	,	
	ABSTRACT	
	Line 2: a Nigerian	
	8: which is a serious	
	18: at least once (delete one time)	
	18&19: separate drug store/chemist from pharmacy sources of drug medication. This is because patent medicine dealers are in larger percentage than trained pharmacist in the rural areas. Hence, they are readily available. May include the table to show this information.	

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SDI Review Form 1.6

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	22: replace Un-remitting with unremitting	
	INTRODUCTION	
	35: on the rise	
	52: Replace In Nigeria with In addition,	
	54-61 Delete from line 54 (in addition) to line 61(as normal). It does not contribute to the introduction.	
	63-65: Delete from line63 (These studies) to line 65 (sore throat). Repetition of line 62.	
	67: Add 'these countries including Nigeria'	
	67-71: Delete from line 67 (In Nigeria) to line 71 (clinical complications)	
	METHODOLOGY - How many questionnaires were distributed [1200 (line 113) or 1225 (line 126)]? - Attach a copy of the informed consent form and questionnaire.	
	RESULT Define the various zones (A,B,C). is it for the purpose of the study or was it based on previous study?	
	How was the health status of your respondents related to your study? Was it respondent or interviewer defined? If the	

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SDI Review Form 1.6

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	latter, kindly include it.	
	Line 133-134: Would 82.2% be the prevalence of self-medication with antibiotics based on your study definition in your study instrument in line 103-106?	
	Line 133-137: what is the real prevalence of self-medication with antibiotics?	
	DISCUSSION LINE 211-219: Delete from line 211 (To the best of) to line 219 (with antibiotics). It has been summarized in the introduction.	
	Line 219-222 From line 219 (Self medication would) to line 222 (Nigeria). Is this your idea or a referenced work? If the latter, kindly quote the reference.	
	Line 225-230: references please. How were these factors reflected in your study? If not, it should be referenced in the introduction not in the discussion.	
	Line 242-244: what do you mean by self- medication with antibiotics (59.9%) and those who ever did so (82.2%) in terms of the objective of your study and the general definition of the word prevalence?	
	Line 249: What is the prevalence of studies done locally for comparison purposes?	
	Line 250-254 Unclear sentences please.	



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	Kindly recast.	
	Line 262 Delete references 53 and 55 and retain 48.	
	Line 266-267: Any local studies for sources of self administered drugs?	
	Line 289: Any local study(ies) citing economic reasons as a cause of selfmedication with antibiotics?	
	LIMITATIONS Add out of sight interview may not be possible as the respondents may overhear the response of each other especially the non-educated ones?	
	REFERENCES Reference 11 was repeated in 49.	
Minor REVISION comments	Reference 11 was repeated in 17.	
	INTRODUCTION WAS TOO LONG. A REFERENCE WAS REPEATED. MAY NEED TO REARRANGE THE REFERENCE. MAY NEED TO CHECK FOR LOCAL REFERENCES (e.g African Journal On Line-AJOL)	
	ADDRESSING THE PROBLEM FOR PROPER COMPARISON.	
Optional/General comments	THE TOPIC IS PROPER FOR THE STUDY	

Reviewer Details:

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