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Manuscript Number:	Ms_BJMMR_29476
Title of the Manuscript:	LYMPHANGIOMA OF NASOPHARYNX : A RARE CASE WITH AN UNUSUAL PRESENTATION
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
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<p><u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments</p>	<p>I have highlighted the sentences that need to be rephrased. Please do not over generalize the finding of CSOM in case of a nasopharyngeal pathology (lymphangioma). Please provide evidence (link...where did you search...english literature or other languages too ?) before claiming it as the third case of lymphangioma in the worldwide literature or just delete it. Change the title of the case report. Open the PDF file via ADOBE READER the queries which i have highlighted with yellow colour; that needs to be answered before accepting your manuscript).</p>	<p>Thank you very much for your review. We have made as many rectifications as possible and tried our best to improve the article.</p> <p>We want to highlight that nasopharynx is a very rare location for a lymphangioma to present in an adult male. We completely agree that it is not unusual for an nasopharyngeal pathology to cause or aggravate COM hence we have corrected the title of the article.</p> <p>Regarding the rarity of nasopharyngeal lymphangioma we have found information as follows: Indian journal in 2013 reports nasopharyngeal lymphangioma as the first case but we find that, in the same year (2013) Laryngoscope has reported a case of nasopharyngeal lymphangioma too and the article in this journal mentions that after their literature search,they have found only 2 unique cases in Russian in 1966 and 1969 whose abstracts weren't available.They consider their case to be the third.</p> <p>The references for these 2 articles are :</p> <p>Haksever M, Akduman D, Aslan S, Yazla S, Haksever H. Nasopharyngeal lymphangioma in an adult: a rarity. Laryngoscope. 2013 Dec;123(12): 2972-5. doi:10.1002/lary.24214. Epub 2013 Jun 11. PubMed PMID: 23712707.</p> <p>Verma R, Verma RR, Verma RR, Sardana NK. Isolated Lymphangiomatous Polyp Nasopharynx in an Adult First Case Report in English Literature. Indian J Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg. 2014 Dec;66(4): 460-3. doi: 10.1007/s12070-013-0681-3. Epub 2013 Oct 18. PubMed PMID: 26396962;</p>
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<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments		Thank you for your efforts. We would like to inform you that we were not able to use the common bipolar cautery in the nasopharynx hence we had to use the unipolar one over the insulated sickle knife. The nostril couldn't accommodate the cautery and the scope both as patient had septal spur and we did not have other kinds of bipolar cauteries.
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		Thank you for the corrections, they were very helpful to improve the article.