## Editorial Comments:

52: she $\rightarrow$ she
61: dye $\rightarrow$ due
64: primary $\rightarrow$ deciduous
76: per os $\rightarrow$ per os
80: ( about 3 mm$) \rightarrow($ about 3 mm$)$
$101:(\mathrm{OH})$ and $\rightarrow(\mathrm{OH})$, and
104: accumulation, the previous $\rightarrow$ accumulation. The older patient in the previous
105: encumber $\rightarrow$ encumbered
105: while in the present $\rightarrow$ the younger patient in the present
113: vigabatrin $\rightarrow$ Vigabatrin
119: additive $\rightarrow$ multiplier
133: case $\rightarrow$ case,
140: 4a); the $\rightarrow 4 a$ ). The
143: feeding at $a \rightarrow f e e d i n g$ are at a
144: In the present case $\rightarrow$ Therefore, in the present case
147,153: primary $\rightarrow$ deciduous
152: need to $\rightarrow$ need
154: and $\rightarrow$ or
158: In conclusion, LGS

## Conclusion

LGS

Generally, Fig or Figure should be unified.
283:calculus (arrows) Picture should have 2 or 3 arrows.
295: generalized $\rightarrow$ Generalized
296: primary $\rightarrow$ deciduous
298: gingival $\rightarrow$ Gingival blade (arrow) Picture should have an arrow.
300,302: Picture should have an arrow/arrows.

## Author's Feedback:

All the suggested revisions have been implemented.

