



SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	British Biotechnology Journal
Manuscript Number:	Ms_BBJ_27279
Title of the Manuscript:	CHARACTERIZATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF PATHOGENIC MICROORGANISMS ALONG KABIANGA RIVER WATER BETWEEN JANUARY AND MARCH 2016 IN KERICHO COUNTY, KENYA
New title:	WATER QUALITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF PATHOGENIC MICROORGANISMS ALONG KABIANGA RIVER
Type of Article:	Original Research Article

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
I apologize in advance for any inconvenience that I will create but I would decline the review of the work for the following reasons. - First time I asked to authors to re-write the introduction because it was a perfect copy of two published papers (See you my report) Introduction of this paper Pg1 from line 26 to 41 overlapping with introduction L4 to L5 of Musyoki, Aet al. (2013) Water-Borne Bacterial Pathogens in Surface Waters of Nairobi River and Health Implications to Communities Downstream Athi River. International Journal of Life Sciences Biotechnology and Pharma Research, 3, L4-L10. Pg 1 from line 41 to 69 pag 2 overlapping with the introduction Dunn, G.; et al (2014) Comparative analysis of current microbial water quality risk assessment and management practices in British Columbia and Ontario, Canada. Sci. Total Environ. 2014, 468–469, 544–552 - Second time, again the manuscript includes a copy of introduction part of MUSYOKI et al 2013 <i>Pollution of river waters with deleterious microbes, including bacteria, viruses, parasites, as well as fungi, has been on steady increase in the recent past (Niyogi, 2005; Abraham et al., 2007). The major source of microbes in water is faece from human and other mammals. Entry Kenya standard for drinking water quality states that no Escherichia coli, Shigellae, Pseudomonas aeruginosa or coliforms should be detectable in 250 mL of drinking water</i> - And now the change just River name. <i>Pollution of Kabianga river waters with deleterious microbes, including bacteria, viruses, parasites as well as fungi has been in a steady increase in the recent past. The major source of microbes in water is feces from...</i> Further, I do not understand because they never mentioned MUSYOKI et al 2013 only the reference included.	



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Sorry but I believed that this work should be re-written. I think most influential reviewer than me they will be able to make a judgment Thanks for your understanding to the matter	
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Reviewer Details:

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