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SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	Asian Journal of Geological Research	
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJOGER_41113	
Title of the Manuscript:	GEOSPATIAL PROFILING FOR THRESHOLD MAPPING OF HYDROTHERMAL ALTERATION WITHIN KUSHAKA	
	SCHIST BELT, NORTH CENTRAL NIGERIA: IMPLICATIONS FOR MINERAL EXPLORATION	
Type of Article:	Original Research Article	

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
I again suggest to remove these "ancient" denominators in the	
descriptions of completely or partially metamorphosed sedimentary	
rocks (metamorphic rocks with sedimentary protoliths) in this paper,	
e.g. "ancient" sandstone, "ancient" pelite (normally called a	
metapelite), ancient claystone, etc Such denominators as "ancient"	
are used to describe rock complexes such as Older and Younger	
metasediments in the Nigerian Basement Complex, Old Red	
Sandstone in Britain or Ancient Gneiss Complex in Swaziland.	
These are jargon stratigraphic denominators at best, but not	
appropriate terms for description of metamorphosed sediments (e.g.	
metasediments). Please check the following papers for the	
appropriate use of petrographic/lithologic terminology:	
Ekwuenu B., Kalsbeek F. (2014). U-Pb geochronology of	
metasedimentary schists in Akwanga area of North Central Nigeria	
and its implications for the evolution of the Nigerian Basement	
Complex. Global Journal of Geologic Sciences, v. 12, p. 21-30.	
Adeoti B., Okonkwo C. I. (2016). Structural geology of the Basement	
Complex rocks in Iwaraja Area, Southwestern Nigeria. International	
Letters of Natural Sciences, v. 58, p. 16-28.	

Reviewer Details:

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