



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Asian Journal of Biology
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJOB_30473
Title of the Manuscript:	Systematic Composition, Life Forms and Chorology of Parklands of Commune of Mayahi, Niger West Africa
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



SDI Review Form 1.6

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	1. The families should be updated as per APG IV accordingly the MS should re-write 2. Provide Shannon's Index values 3. Results section needs critical presentation 4. MS needs further crispy presentation	1. I updated some but for legume flora I used old school classification which is still accepted. Like the order of Leguminosae has three families such as Fabaceae, Mimosaceae and Caesalpiniaceae. 2. Accepted 3 and 4 accepted.
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	1. Go through the spellings of botanical names critically. 2. Abstract is too long and should be reduced 3. Results and discussion part should be improved	Accepted I rejected some of the suggestions such as not needed... the authors did not introduce for the first time. it is well known... It is the definition of the life forms used in this study. For example, if you want to understand table 2 you have to read the definition part and abbreviations of the life forms.
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	Lengthy tables... should be reduced	Accepted but not all the tables as some contain a lot of information such as table 4.