



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Advances in Research
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AIR_24897
Title of the Manuscript:	A REVIEW ON ADOLESCENT AND YOUTH DRUG ABUSE IN TANZANIA WITH ITS HISTORY AND EVOLUTION
Type of the Article	Review paper

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments	<p>Drug is one of the major social problem to the world. The study served as one key contribution to the knowledge of the world on the level of drug abusive and suggested ways to curb the "problem" from spreading.</p> <p>This paper deals with a major health problem: the use of illicit and licit drugs on adolescent and youth in Tanzania. It consists of a narrative review of the problem, which is now unfortunately globalized. The manuscript is very clear, and I believe that it is of interest for journal's readers.</p>	<p>The suggestion was incorporated as it serves as the study objectives .</p> <p>Thank you</p>
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	<p>I might suggest a few comments on a comparison of the problem with other countries, particularly with those from South America and the United States. Another question is the following: do the authors believe that the implementation of the narcotic laws of 2009 will be able to favourably impact on this health problem?</p>	<p>The suggestions were incorporated.</p> <p>The second concern "do I believe having narcotic law can be favourable to drug problem" I think Yes, although it is not 100% vaccination of drug trafficking, but having strict laws will reduce the problem. Tanzania is not unique, there many countries which have succeeded by imposing strictly narcotic laws.</p>
<u>Optional/General</u> comments		