



SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	Advances in Research
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AIR_21988
Previous title of the Manuscript:	FAST SCREENING METHOD FOR LYSINE-PRODUCING YEASTS
New title of the Manuscript:	FAST SCREENING METHOD FOR DETECTING LYSINE-PRODUCING YEASTS
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
When using fruit homogenates, there are also bacteria present, and authors have not shown their culture system to be specific only to yeasts. They have neither made experiments for typing or recognising organisms in the cultures. Therefore, the source of lysine remains totally obscure.	Chloramphenicol 0.05mg/ml was added to the isolation medium to inhibit bacterial growth. Also, two of the organisms producing lysine were sent to Centre for Agricultural and Biosciences International (CABI), UK, for identification, confirming them to be yeasts.