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SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	International Journal of Plant & Soil Science
Manuscript Number:	2014_IJPSS_13067
Title of the Manuscript:	An understory comparison of the exotic Phellodendron amurense Rupr. (RUTACEAE) and adjacent native canopy species in an urban and suburban woodland

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
The author did not perform the majority of the changes proposed. Please see my comments regarding each of the author's answers	
in red.	
a. I have described these more clearly in the revision.	
I could not find ANY description of the statistical analysis in the Methods. Please verify if the file sent correspond to the	
final version. Additionally, the author did not explain what the type of ANOVA used was. Factorial ANOVA is the correct	
analysis to be performed in this case.	
h these ways analyzed as concursts write. I added this to the new or far slavity	
b. these were analyzed as separate units, I added this to the paper for clarity Again, I did not find any explanation in the revised manuscript. Moreover, this is not the appropriate approach for this kind	
of sampling design. The use of the four subplots as independent sampling units is a classic example of pseudo replication.	
The author should use the mean of the four subplots as the value representing each tree.	
The aution should use the mean of the four subplots us the value representing each free.	
2. In this paper we are examining only the species richness as a comparative measure from one treatment to the next. The	
rare faction curve is very useful for determining sampling size but not for our goals.	
Rarefaction curves are STRONGLY recommended to compare the number of species among different "sites" mainly in	
individual-based samples, since the number of individuals has evident influence over the number of species. Please check	
out Chapters 3 and 5 of Magurran (2004), especially pages 75-76 and 144-150.	
3. I will clarify the use of the canopy analysis in the paper. The equipment used captures an area far greater than the	
individual trees. Photographing each tree sampled would lead to extensive overlap in the sampled canopies.	
I did not find any additional explanation in the text. I have already taken hemispherical photographs in forests to	
investigate for the effects of canopies and I am still not convinced by the author's argument.	
5. Agreed, I have added references.	
Some references were added only at "References" section of the manuscript and not in the main text. For instance, see	
Simberloff et al (2013) and Gurevitch et al. (YEAR MISSING).	
6. Agreed, I have adjusted this along with number 5 above.	
The discussion is better indeed, but there is still room for improvement (only six references are cited, three being	
very general!).	
very Senerally.	1

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Anonymous
Department, University & Country	Brasil