



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of Biochemistry Research & Review
Manuscript Number:	2014_IJBcRR_14058
Title of the Manuscript:	Phosphatidylcholine-mediated aqueous diffusion of cellular cholesterol down-regulates the ABCA1 transporter in human skin fibroblasts
Type of the Article	Short Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment <i>(if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)</i>
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments		
<u>Minor</u> REVISION comments	In the methods section it should include a statistics section. See Optional/General comments.	Included. Lines 169-176. Highlighted.
<u>Optional/General</u> comments	This is an acceptable short research article. The methodologies used are good. The discussion section positively reflects the results section, although the results section includes much discussion. The relevance to physiological reality is questionable. A more enriched possibility to clinical application and more definite conclusive statement could have been made if the described studies had included studies in which HDL had been delipidated by removing the neutral lipids but retaining the phospholipids and also separately delipidating the HDL to remove all lipids including the phospholipids but retaining the apolipoproteins and studying the expression and function of ABCA1 and efflux of cholesterol with these preparations and compare and contrast the observations with the current manuscript (see ' intravascular infusion of autologous delipidated plasma induces antatherogenic lipoproteins and causes regression of atherosclerosis. Studies in non-primates, monkeys and humans.' Special Issue- Atherosclerosis in Cardiovascular disease Health 5, No. 7 A1, 19-33, 2013. B Cham and T Chase. Perhaps in the discussion section some reference to the above article should be made.	This reference has been discussed in lines 295 to 298 and cited as reference # 19. Highlighted.